# Introduction to Computational Linguistics

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#### **Course Goals**

- First (largely non-technical) introduction to the field of computational linguistics and its history.
- Survey of natural language processing applications
- In-depth look at machine translation as a means to illustrate the major tasks for natural language processing
- Presentation of tools and resources needed for natural language processing applications

#### The Name of the Field

- Computational Linguistics
- Natural Language Processing
- Human Language Technology
- Language Engineering

### The History of the Field

- Not surprisingly, the history of Computational Linguistics is closely connected to the development of the digital computer.
- The theoretical foundations of Computational Linguistics are in the field of mathematical linguistics and formal language theory and in the field of information theory.
- The first application of Computational Linguistics was in the area of machine translation. Therefore, the first professional organization was called Association for Machine Translation and Computational Linguistics.

### The History of the Digital Computer

- 1939 John J. Atanasoff designs a prototype for the ABC (Atanasoff-Berry Computer) with the help of grad graduate student Clifford Berry at Iowa State College. In 1973 a judge ruled it the first automatic digital computer.
- 1941 Colossus computer is designed by Alan M. Turing and built by M.H.A. Neuman at the University of Manchester, England.

### The History of the Digital Computer (2)

- 1941 Konrad Zuse builds the Z3 computer in Germany, the first calculating machine with automatic control of its operations.
- 1946 ENIAC (Electronic Numerical Integrator and Computer), with 18,000 vacuum tubes, is dedicated at the U. of Pennsylvania. It was 8 by 100 feet and weighed 80 tons. It could do 5,000 additions and 360 multiplications per second.

## The First NLP Application

Bi-lingual Dictionaries for Word-to-Word Machine Translation

- 1947 Donald Booth and D.H.V. Britten worked out a detailed code for realizing dictionary translation on a digital computer.
- **1948** R.H. Richens worked out a stem-affix encoding with a longest-match strategy for stem identification and translation.