

Towards more efficient parsers

Detmar Meurers: Intro to Computational Linguistics I
OSU, LING 684.01

Ideas

- Combining bottom-up parsing with top-down prediction
 - From shift-reduce to left-corner parsing
 - Adding more top-down filtering: link tables
- Memoization of partial results
 - well-formed substring tables
 - active charts

From shift-reduce to left-corner parsing

- Shift-reduce parsing is not goal directed at all:
 - Reduction of every possible substring,
 - obtaining every possible analysis for it.
- Idea to revise shift-reduce strategy:
 - Take a particular element x (here: the leftmost).
 - x triggers those rules it can occur in, to make predictions about the material occurring around x .

Left-corner, left-right, depth-first tree traversal

$S \rightarrow NP VP$
 $VP \rightarrow Vt NP$
 $NP \rightarrow Det N$
 $N \rightarrow Adj N$

$Vt \rightarrow \text{saw}$
 $Det \rightarrow \text{the}$
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the₁

In the figure above, we numbered the mother in the tree at the time the rule is looked up of which it is the left-hand side category. Alternatively, one could number the mother only at the time when the parser tries to prove it's the left corner of something.

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Det₂



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NP₃

Det₂



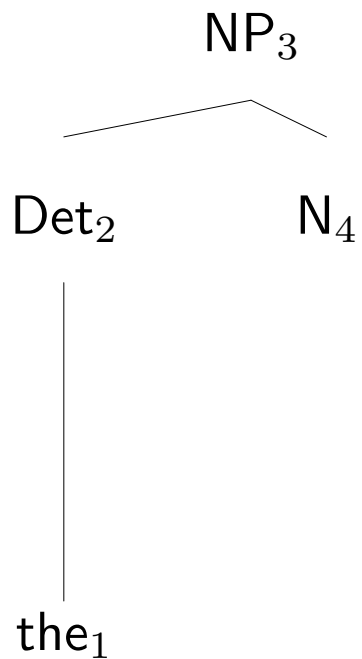
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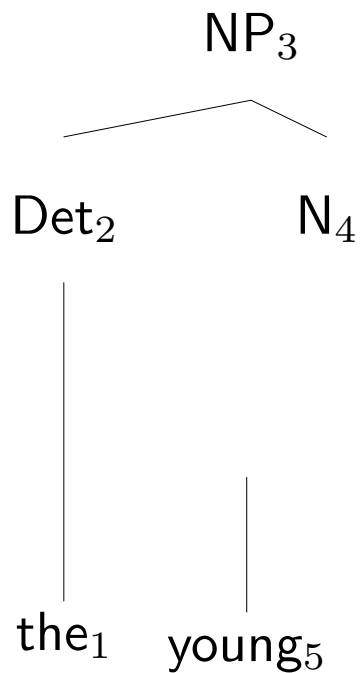


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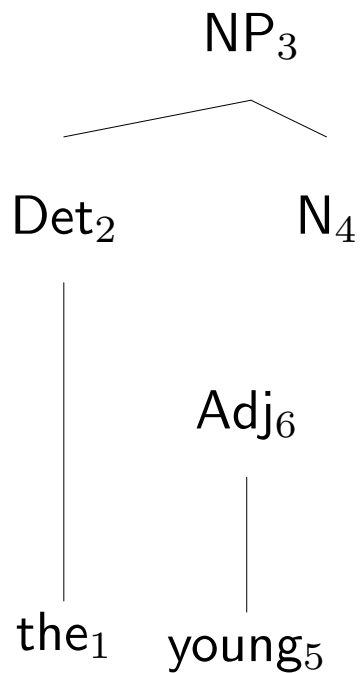


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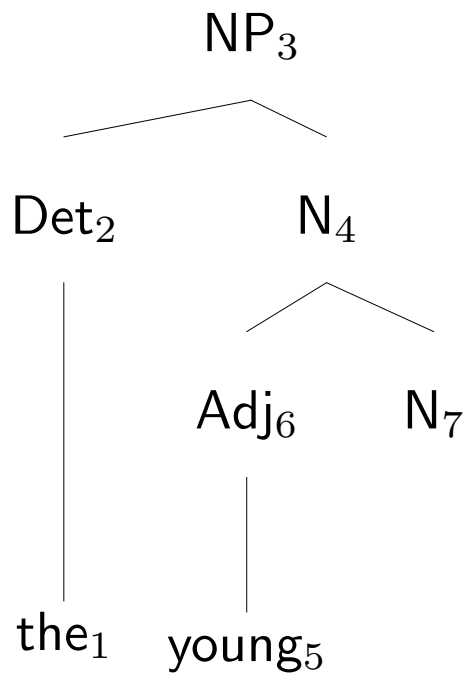


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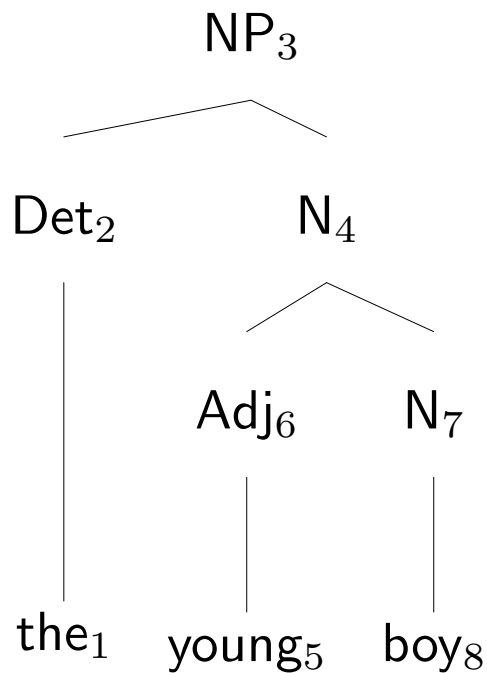


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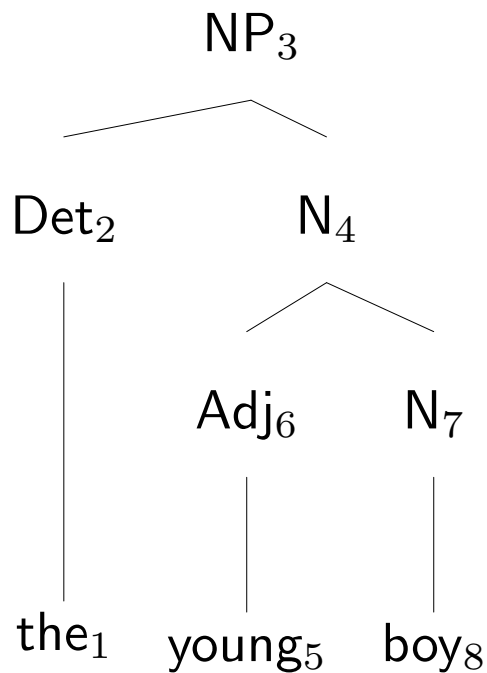
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S_9

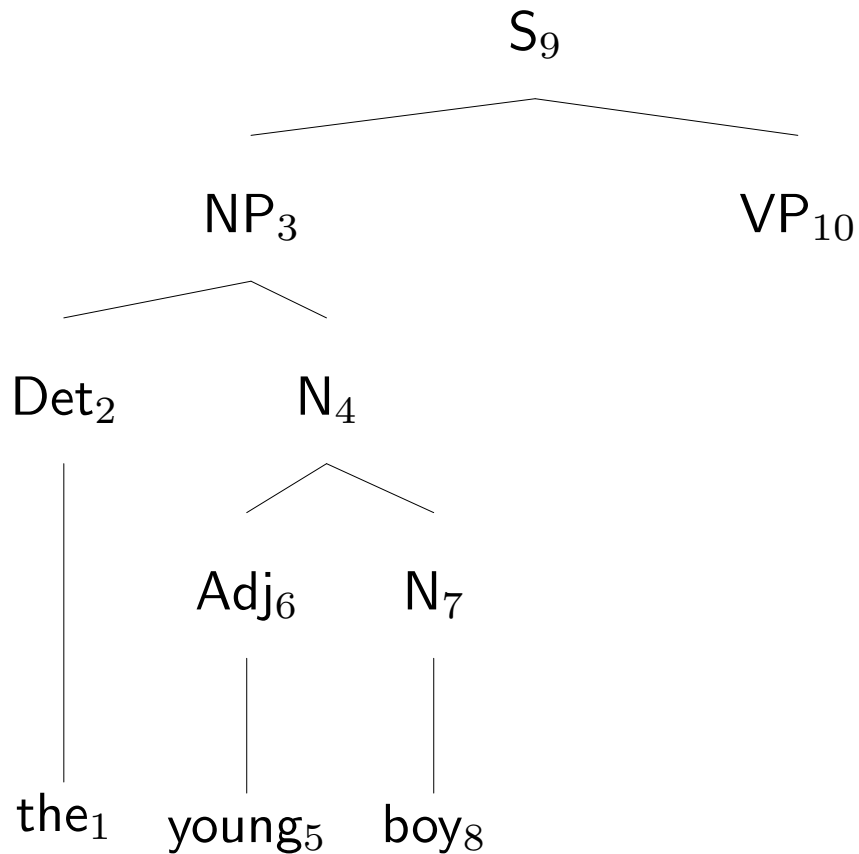


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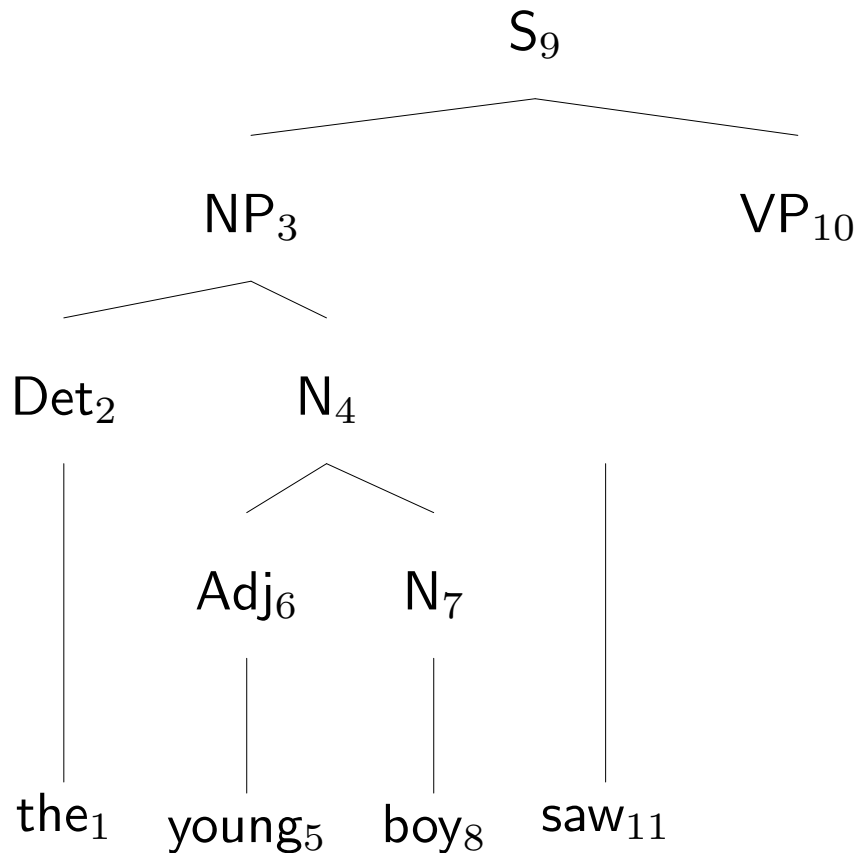


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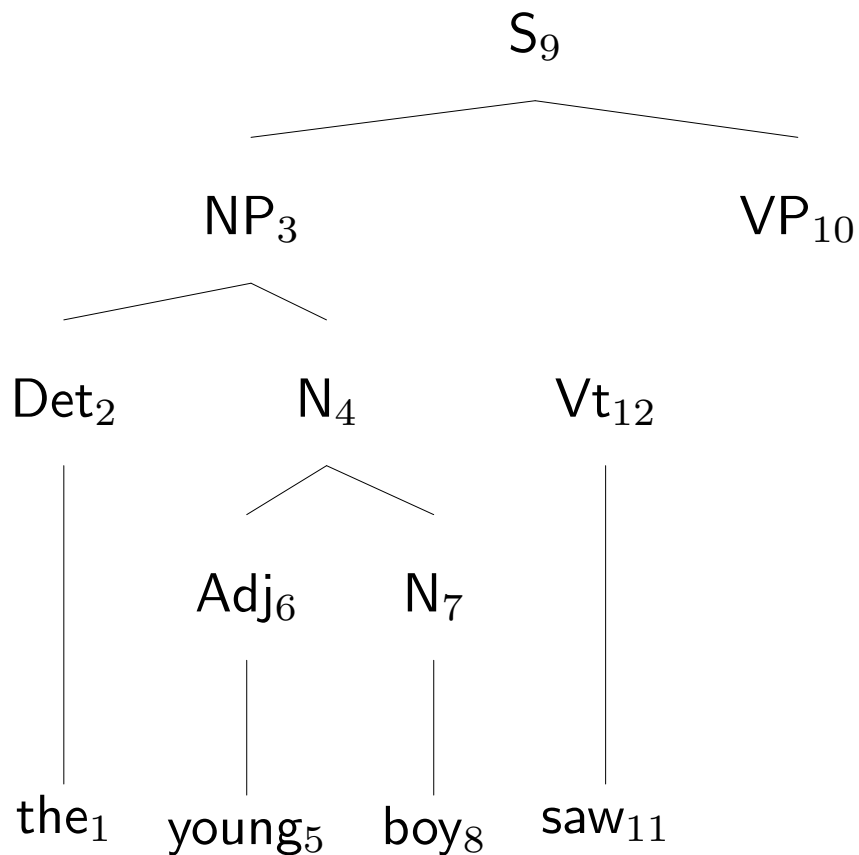


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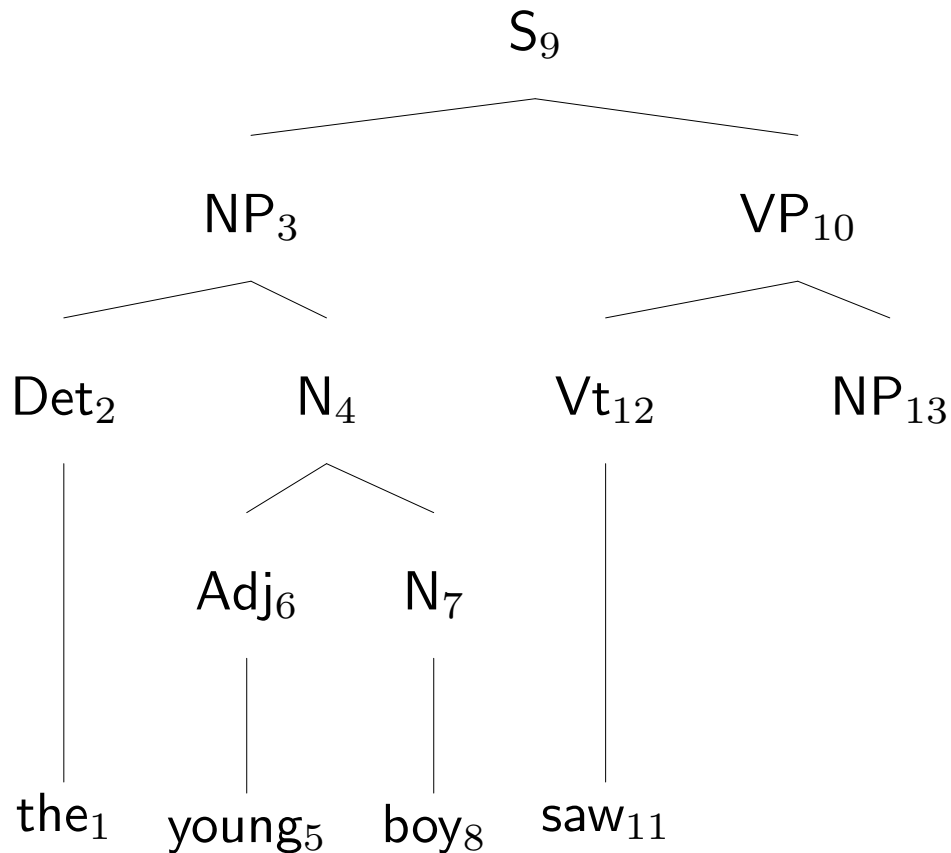


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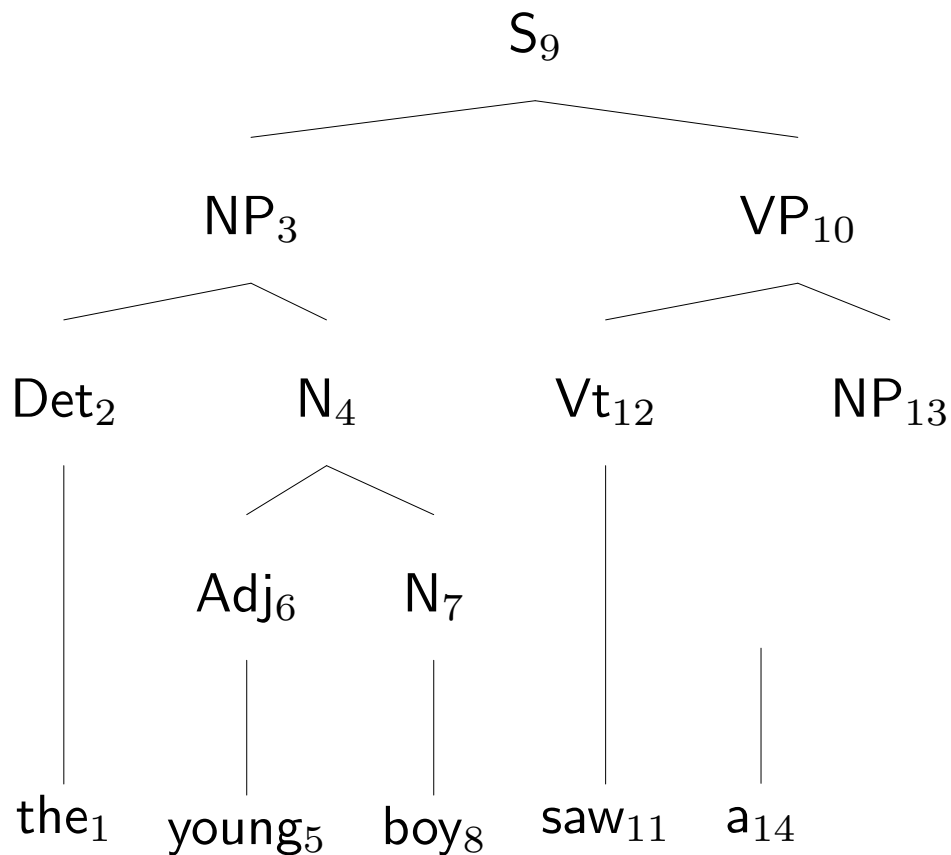


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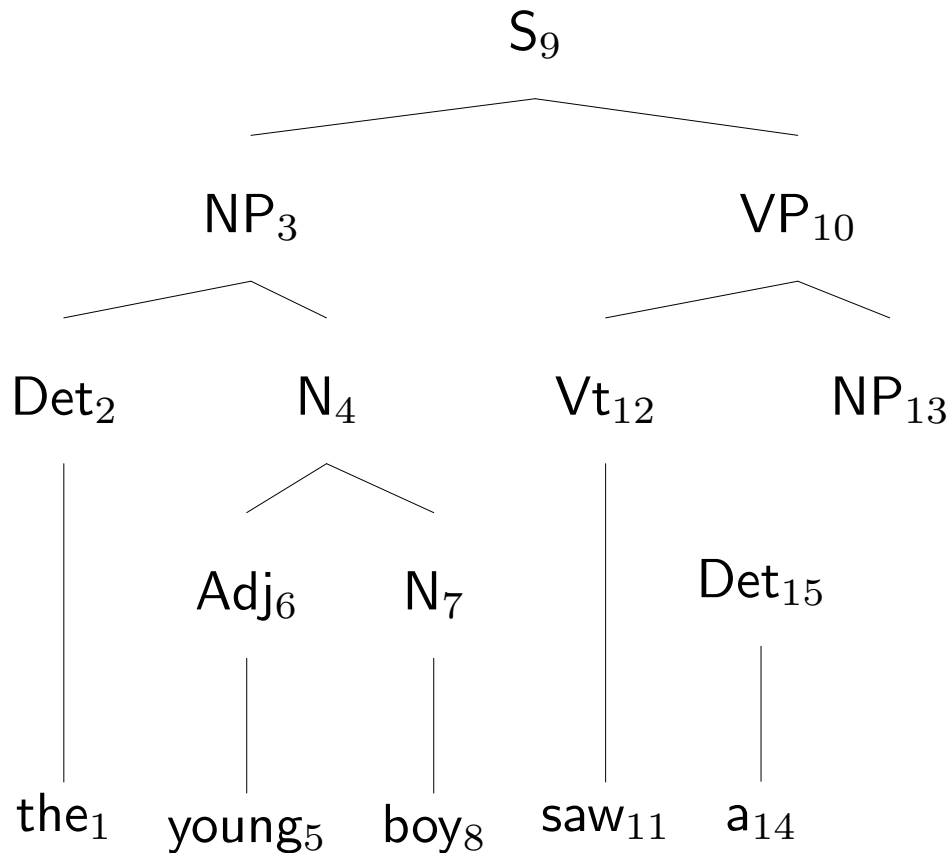


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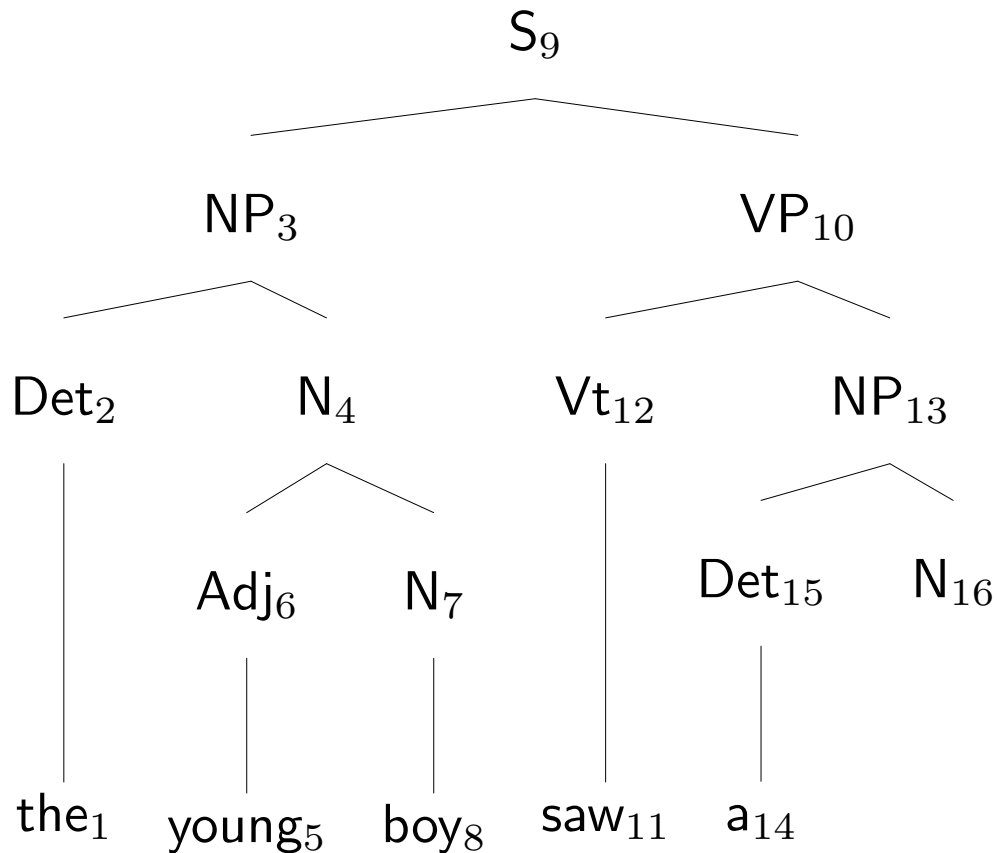


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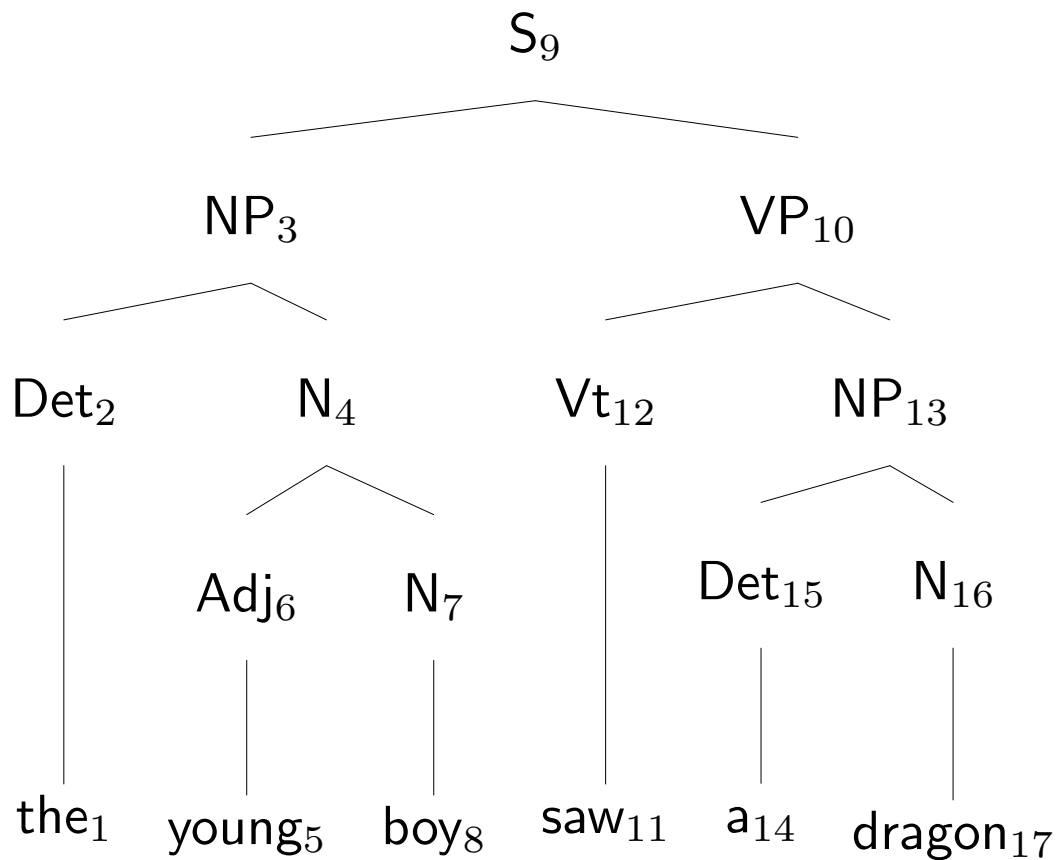


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A left-corner parser for grammars in CNF using ordinary strings (parser/simple/cnf_lc.pl)

```
:- op(1100,xfx,'--->').
```

```
recognise(Phrase, [Word|Rest]) :-  
    (Cat ---> [Word]),  
    lc(Cat, Phrase, Rest).
```

```
lc(Phrase, Phrase, []).
```

```
lc(SubPhrase, SuperPhrase, String) :-  
    (Phrase ---> [SubPhrase,Right]),  
    append(SubString,Rest,String),  
    recognise(Right, SubString),  
    lc(Phrase, SuperPhrase, Rest).
```

A left-corner parser for grammars in CNF using difference lists to encode the string (parser/simple/cnf_lc_diff_list.pl)

```
:- op(1100,xfx,'--->').
```

```
recognise(Phrase, [Word|S0], S) :-  
    (Cat ---> [Word]),  
    lc(Cat, Phrase, S0, S).
```

```
lc(Phrase,Phrase, S, S).
```

```
lc(SubPhrase, SuperPhrase, S0, S) :-  
    (Phrase ---> [SubPhrase,Right]),  
    recognise(Right, S0, S1),  
    lc(Phrase, SuperPhrase, S1, S).
```

A left-corner parser for grammars in CNF using DCG notation to encode the string (parser/simple/cnf_lc_dcg.pl)

```
:- op(1100,xfx,'--->').
```

```
% ?- recognise(s,<list(word)>,[]).
```

```
recognise(Phrase) --> [Word],  
                {Cat ---> [Word]},  
                lc(Cat,Phrase).
```

```
lc(Phrase,Phrase) --> [].
```

```
lc(SubPhrase,SuperPhrase) -->  
    {Phrase ---> [SubPhrase,Right]},  
    recognise(Right),  
    lc(Phrase,SuperPhrase).
```

Problems of basic left-corner approach

- There can be a choice involved in picking a rule which
 - projects a particular word
 - projects a particular phrase
- How do we make sure we only pick a category which is on our path up to the goal?
 - Define a **link table** encoding the transitive closure of the left-corner relation. This is always a finite table!
 - Use it as an **oracle** guiding us to pick a reasonable candidate.

Example for a link table

For a grammar with the following non-terminal rules

```
:- op(1100,xfx,'--->').
```

```
s ---> [np, vp].      vp ---> [v, np].
np ---> [det, n].     n ---> [n, pp].
pp ---> [p, np].
```

one can define or automatically deduce the link table

```
link(s,s).      link(np,np).      link(pp,pp).
link(det,det).  link(n,n).         link(p,p).
link(np,s).     link(det,np).     link(p,pp).      link(v,vp).
link(det,s).
```

Using a link table in a left-corner parser

```
:- op(1100,xfx,'--->').
```

```
recognise(Phrase) --> [Word],  
                {Cat ---> [Word]},  
                {link(Cat,Phrase)},  
                lc(Cat,Phrase).
```

```
lc(Phrase,Phrase) --> [].
```

```
lc(SubPhrase,SuperPhrase) -->  
  {Phrase ---> [SubPhrase,Right]},  
  {link(Phrase,SuperPhrase)},  
  recognise(Right),  
  lc(Phrase,SuperPhrase).
```